

PSHE Curriculum Overview



The curriculum is based on three core themes within which there will be broad overlap and flexibility. They are coloured coded on the overview as so:

- Health and Wellbeing
- Relationships
- Living in the Wider World

lutumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Zones of regulation					
	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning
emotions.					
o understand how					
-					
Touria me.					
o know some tools I					
an use to self-					
egulate.					
	A	A	A	A	
			Assessment Opportunity	Assessment Opportunity	Assessment Opportunity
	<u>Opportunity</u>	<u>Opportunity</u>			
	ey learning o identify a range of motions. o understand how ny behaviour effects ne and others round me. o know some tools I an use to self- egulate.	ey learning o identify a range of motions. o understand how my behaviour effects he and others round me. o know some tools I an use to selfegulate. ssessment Opportunity an I say which zone m in? o I know some ways o help me get back	Assessment Deportunity an I say which zone min? oldentify a range of motions. Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Key learning Assessment Deportunity	Explanation Expla	See Seesament Opportunity Opportunit



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Year 1		Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
	Zones of regulation, words associated					
	with each zone eg.					
	Green for happy,					
	calm , relaxed,					
	focused etc.					
Year 2	Friendships	Boys and g	girls, families	Keeping safe and managing		Medicines and me
				risk, indoors and outdoors		
Year 2	Key learning	Key learning		Key learning	Key learning	Key learning
			ect the differences and		Eating well.	Why medicines are taken.
	special people in their	similarities between pe	ople.	including fire		
	lives.			Safety	The importance of physical	Where medicines come from.
		The biological difference			activity, sleep	
		and female animals and	d their role in the life	Keeping safe outside	and rest.	Keeping themselves safe around
	•	cycle.				medicines.
	friendships.	TI 1: 1 : 1 !:CC		Road safety	People who help us to stay	
		The biological difference	es between male and		healthy and well and about basic health	
	Solving problems that might arise with	remaie children.			and hygiene routines.	
	_	Growing from young to	old and that they		and riggierie routilies.	
		are growing and changi	•			
		That everybody needs t	to be cared for and ways			
		in which they care for c	others.			
		Different types of famil	y and how their home			
		life is special.	y and now their nome-			
		ine is special.				
		NSPCC – Keeping safe a	nd Well			
		4 hours				
		 Rights and making 	choices.			
		 Identifying and und 	derstanding their			
		emotions and wha	•			
		worried about som	ething.			



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Year 2	Assessment Opportunity Why are your friends special to you? What can you do when there are difficulties in a relationship?	(including family m professionals). Understanding per Developing an und maintaining health look at the differer in your child's life friends). Exploring bullying Looking at the difference secrets. Body privacy. (NSP Assessment Opportun What is the difference girl?	rsonal space. lerstanding and ny relationships (we will nt kinds of relationships i.e. parents, siblings and and how to respond. erence between safe and ecc-PANTS rule)	Assessment Opportunity What are some safety hazards at home (indoors	What is a healthy diet? What things to you do to keep	Assessment Opportunity Why do people use medicines? How can you stay safe around medicines?
Year 2	Key Vocabulary Special, qualities,	Key Vocabulary Similarity, difference, n changing, care, family	nale, female, growing,	Safety, risk, potential hazard, emergency,	Healthy, moderation, Eatwell	Key Vocabulary Medicine, treatment, symptoms, prescribed, asthma, inhaler
Year 3	Tabacco is a drug	Bullying – see it, say it, stop it!	Strengths and Challenges	Celebrating Difference	Saving, spending and budgeting	What helps me choose?
Year 3	Key learning The definition of a drug and that drugs (including medicines) can be harmful to people.	To recognise bullying and how it can make people Feel.	Key learning Celebrating achievements and setting personal goals. Dealing with put-downs.	Valuing the similarities and difference between themselves and others.	What influences peoples choices about spending and saving money.	Key learning Making healthy choices about food and drinks. How branding can affect what foods people choose to buy.



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	5000					
	The effects and risks of smoking tobacco	Different types of bullying and how to	Positive ways to deal with set-backs.	Belonging to groups.	How people can keep track of their money.	Keeping active and some of the challenges of this.
	and second-hand	respond to incidents		20.0.18.18.00.00.00.00.		
	smoke.	of bullying			The world of work.	
	The help available for	What to do if they				
	people to remain	witness bullying.				
	smoke free or stop					
	smoking.					
Year 3	<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Assessment</u>	-	Assessment Opportunity	Assessment Opportunity
		Opportunity	<u>Opportunity</u>	What groups or	How do shops persuade	What makes a snack healthy?
	_		What is something you	communities do you belong		What is some advice you could
	affect people's	of bullying are there?	,	to?	How can people decide	give to others about keeping
	bodies?		How can you approach	What can you do if the	whether to buy something?	active?
	What might help	What would you do it		group want to do		
		you knew bullying was		something that you don't		
	to stop smoking?	happening.		want to do?		
Year 3	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary		<u>Key Vocabulary</u>	Key Vocabulary
	Drug, helpful,	Bullying, behaviour,	Achievement,	Similarity, difference, in	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Eatwell guide, healthy, snacks,
	harmful, risk,	racism, sexism,	celebration, challenge,		personal value, budget,	value for money, physically
	•	ageism, disablism,	overcome, put down,	communities, online	essential, non- essential,	active,
	hand smoke,	gossip, online bullying,	compliment, set-back,	communities,	work, voluntary, interview,	
	addiction	bystander			responsibilities,	
Year 4	Democracy	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education	What is important to me?	Playing Safe	Growing up	and changing
Year 4	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning	Key learning	
	Jersey and Britain as	There are drugs (other	Why people may eat or	How to be safe in computer	The way we grow and change	throughout the human life cycle.
	a democratic society.		avoid certain foods	gaming habits.	line way we grow and enange	throughout the number me eyele.
	a democratic society.	are common in	(cultural, religious,		 The physical changes associate	ed with nuberty
	How laws are made.		moral, health reasons).	How to keep safe near	The physical changes associate	ta with paserty.
		people choose to use	inorai, nealth reasons).	·	Menstruation and wet dreams	
	The local council.	them.	Other factors that	and around fireworks.	The second and wee areans	•
	The local council.		contribute to peoples		The impact of puberty on phys	sical hygiene and strategies for
1				What to do in an	managing this.	
			iood choices (fail trade,	emergency and basic		
			1	cincipency and basic	1	



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		The effects and risks of drinking alcohol.	ethical farming, seasonality).	emergency first aid procedures.	How puberty effects emotions dealing with the changes assoc	and behaviour and strategies for ciated with puberty.
		Different patterns of behaviour that are related to drug use.	The importance of getting enough sleep.		Strategies to deal with feelings	in the context of relationships.
Year 4	Opportunity What are some of the roles of the government and local council?	Assessment Opportunity How can alcohol affect people's bodies? What could a person choose to do instead of choosing a drug?	Why might a person choose to avoid certain	Why are some games not so good for children to play? What can you do to help in	Assessment Opportunity How might feelings change dui How can you look after your be	= :
Year 4	Democracy,	Key Vocabulary Alcohol, drug, habit, addition,	Choice, religious beliefs,		Key Vocabulary Puberty, menstruation, wet dr testicles, vagina, uterus, physic relationships,	eams, hygiene, changes, penis, cal changes, emotions,
Year 5	States Chamber Visit	Stereotypes, discrimination and prejudice, including homophobia	When things go wrong?	Dealing with feelings	Different influences	Changes, how babies are made, how babies are born
Year 5	To understand how decisions are made in	Key learning Stereotyping, including gender stereotyping.	Key learning Keeping safe online Violence within relationships is		Key learning Risks associated with smoking drugs including cigarettes, e- cigarettes, shisha and cannabis.	Key learning Identify changes throughout the human lifecycle. Understand change is ongoing
	To consider local issues and how states members might solve them.	Workshop run by diversity role models	·	body. Times of change and how this can make people feel.	carriasis.	and individual. Products to manage menstruation.



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	To understand the	discrimination and how this can make	Problems that can occur when someone goes missing from home.	The feelings associated with loss, grief and bereavement	nicotine products	How babies are made. How babies are born.
	Opportunity What does it mean to be an active citizen in political terms? How can you be involved in Jersey's decision making?	Opportunity Can you write a definition of discrimination? If you heard someone	Opportunity What are some potential risks of a person running away? How do you keep yourself safe online?	Can you name strong or difficult feelings people might have? When might someone feel strong emotions?	What are some of the laws associated with tobacco and nicotine products?	Assessment Opportunity What does fertilisation mean? What products are available that can help to manage menstruation?
	Key Vocabulary Proposer, Seconder, Dean, Greffier & Usher, states	Key Vocabulary Discrimination, homophobia, stereotyping, gender stereotyping, diversity	Trustworthy, harm, inappropriate, domestic violence, abuse,	Conflicting feelings, loss,	Cigarettes, e-cigarettes, shisha, cannabis, influences, peer pressure,	Key Vocabulary Puberty, menstruation, wet dreams, hygiene, sanitary products, fertilisation, physical changes, uterus,
Year 6	Identity, society and equality – Human rights	Healthy minds	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education – weighing up risk	Healthy relationship	s/ How a baby is made	Keeping safe, out and about



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Learn about people who have moved to Jersey from other places – including refugees. To learn about human rights and the UNCRC. Homelessness The risk associated with using different drugs including tobacco and including refugees. To learn about human rights and the UNCRC. Homelessness The stigma and discrimination that can surround mental health. The stigma and the local area with this. Ways to manage risk in situations involving drug use. Was are and interest attitudes and values around gender including tobacco and including tobacco and interest, school, solvents, medicines, and observable impact. What values are important to them in relationships in interest in importance of friendship in intimate relationships. What values are importance of friendship in intimate relationships and to previous and sexuality, and co	Year 6	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning
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conceived.					How the risk of HIV can be reduced.	
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					conceived.	
Year 6 Assessment Assessment Assessment Opportunity Assessment Opportunity	Year 6	Assessment	Assessment	Assessment	Assessment Opportunity	Assessment Opportunity
	l i					What is antisocial behaviour?
What are some skills and qualities needed by parents?					What are some skills and qualities needed by parents?	



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	from the UNCRC? What are the characteristics of 'feeling at home'?	What is mental	Where can people get advice or help? Describe how a person might think about the level of risk in a situation involving drug use.		What could somebody do if they were asked to do something they feel unsure about?
Year 6	Migrant, refugee, evacuee, homelessness	Mental health,	tobacco and nicotine products, alcohol, solvents, medicines Legal, illegal, drug risk triangle,	Intimate relationships, puberty, gender stereotyping, pubic hair, anus, elbows,	Key Vocabulary Potential risks, fears, stereotypes, assumptions, crisis point, legal. Illegal,